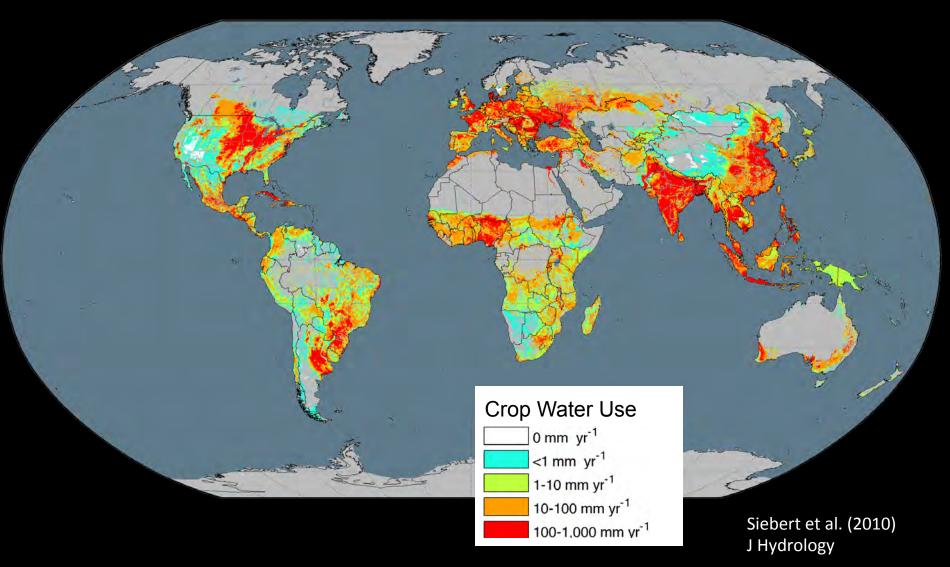
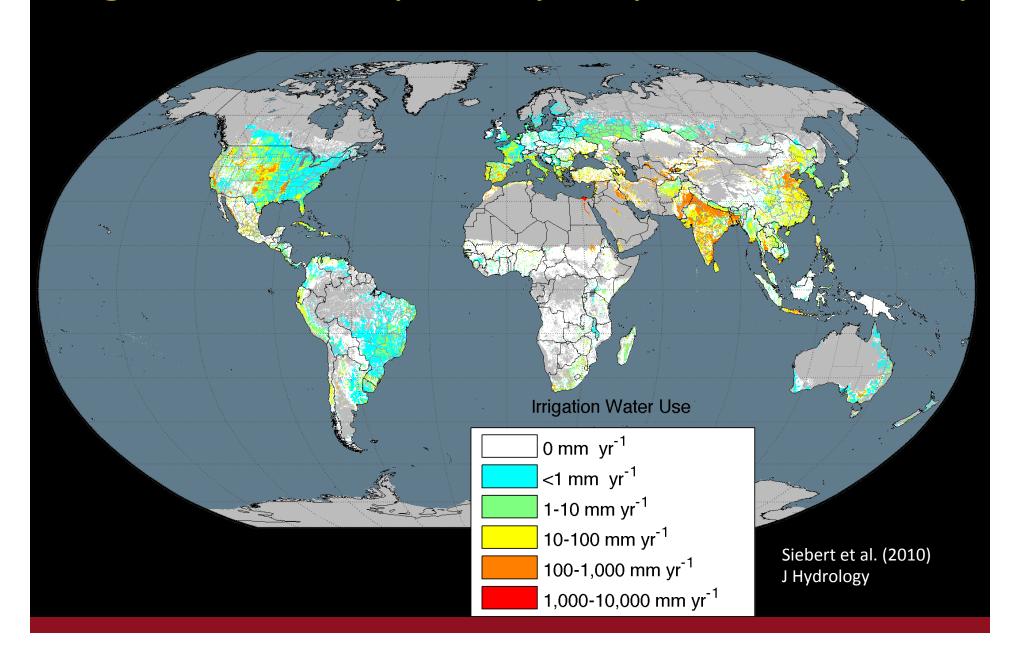




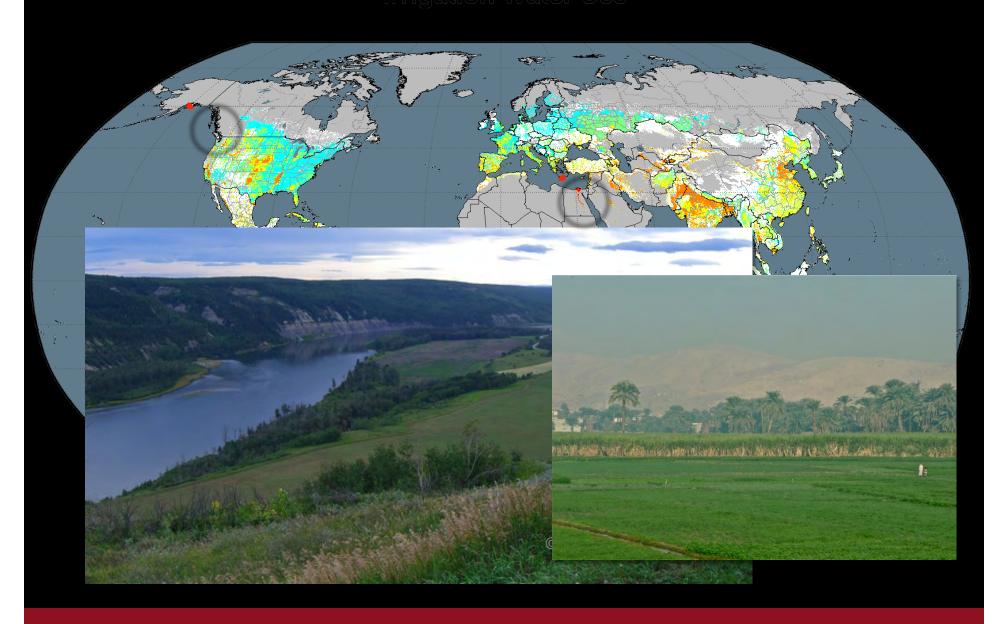
Water Consumption by Crops Varies Globally (rain + irrigation water)



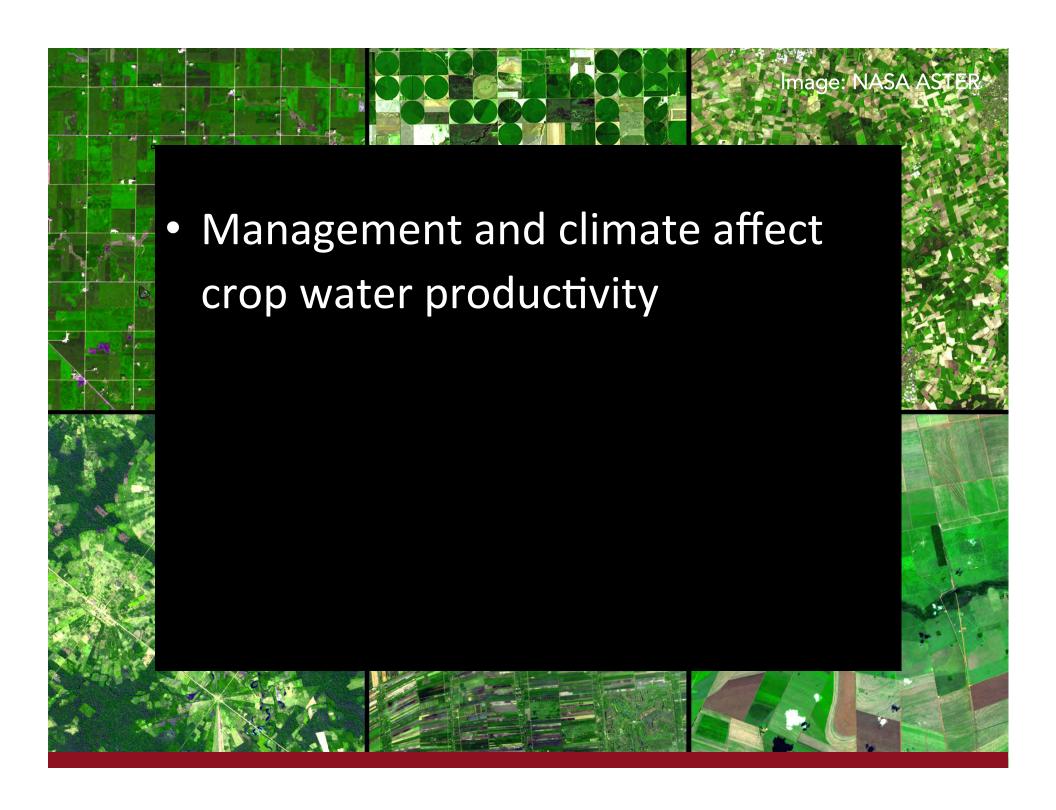
Irrigation Consumption by Crops Varies Globally

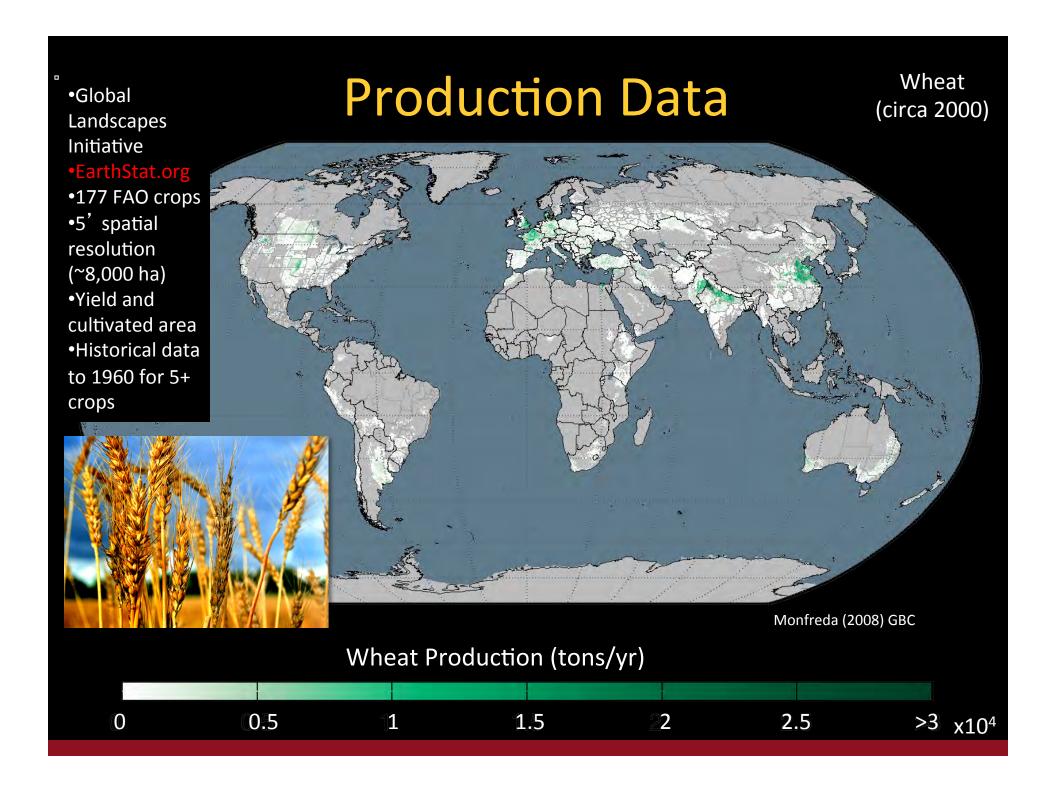


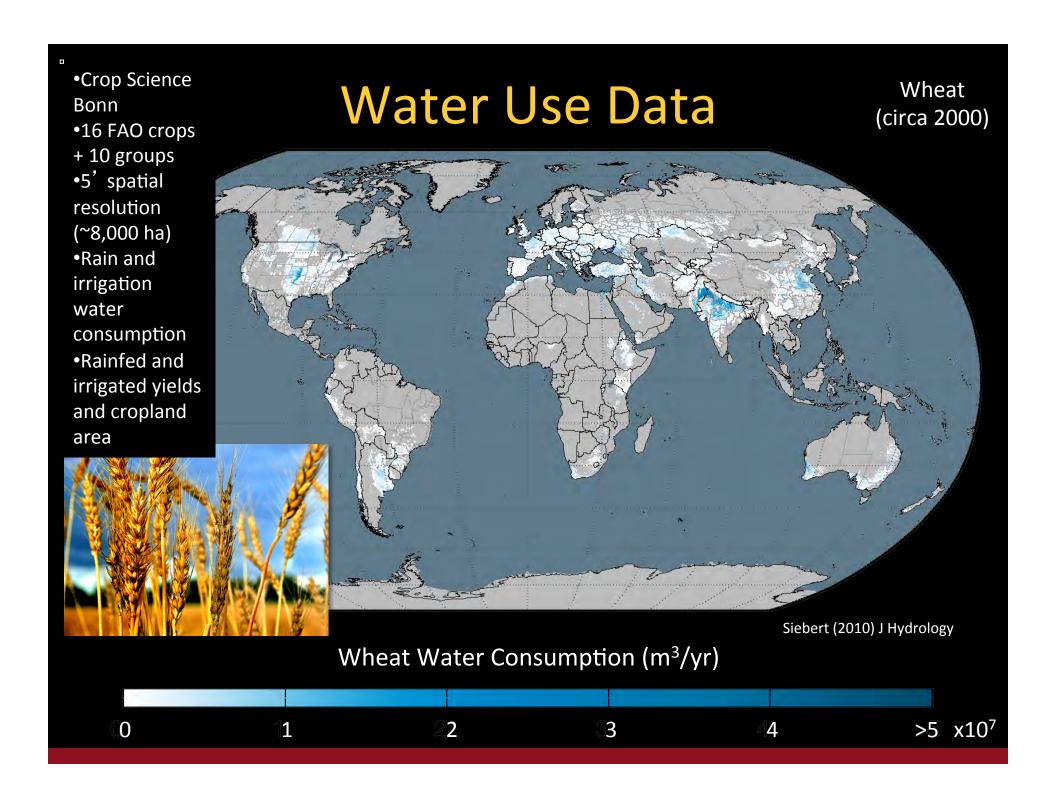
Irrigation Consumption by Crops Varies Globally



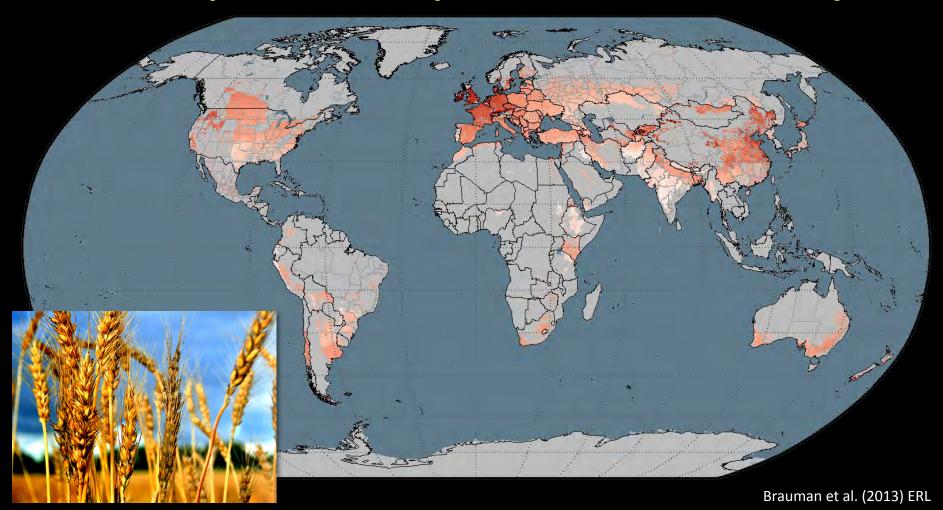








"Crop Per Drop" Varies Globally

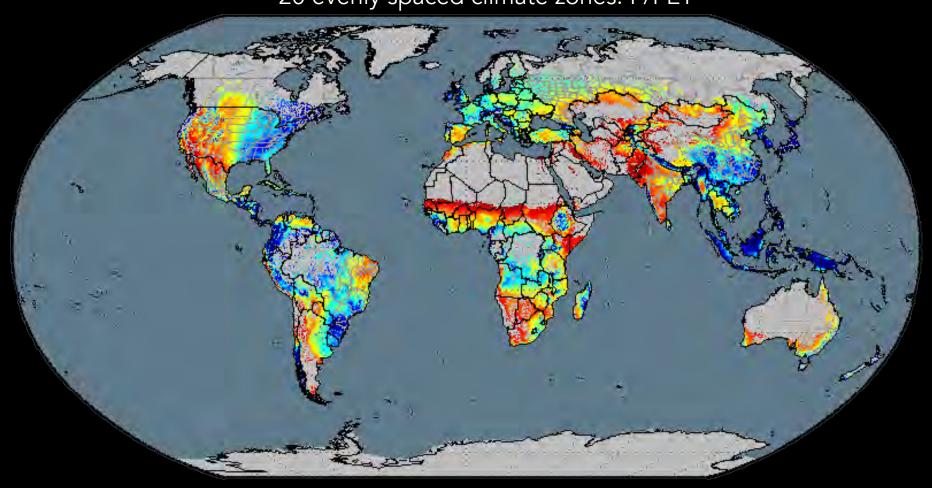


Wheat Water Productivity (kcal/liter)

00 22 44 66 88 ≥10

Climate Distribution

20 evenly spaced climate zones: P/PET



Brauman et al. (2013) ERL

Arid < · : > Humid

Range of Wheat Water Productivity

1.9 ≤ P/PET

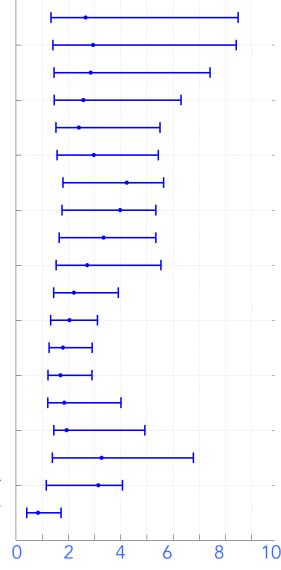
Humid



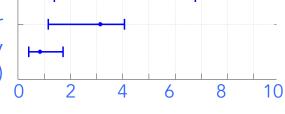
P/PET = 1

Arid

0≤ P/PET < -0.1



Rain Water Productivity (kcal/liter)



Non-Climate Variables Affect Crop Water Productivity



Non-climate
"Management"
= Addition of
nitrogen fertilizer

Range of Wheat Water Productivity

1.9 ≤ P/PET

Humid

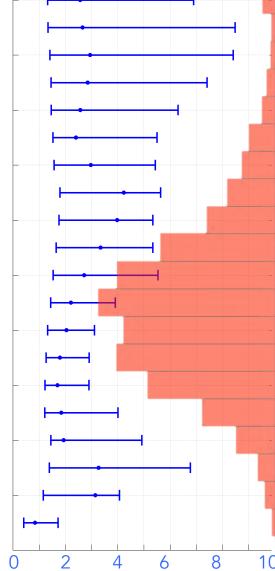


Rain Water Consumption

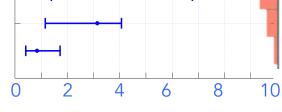
P/PET = 1

Arid

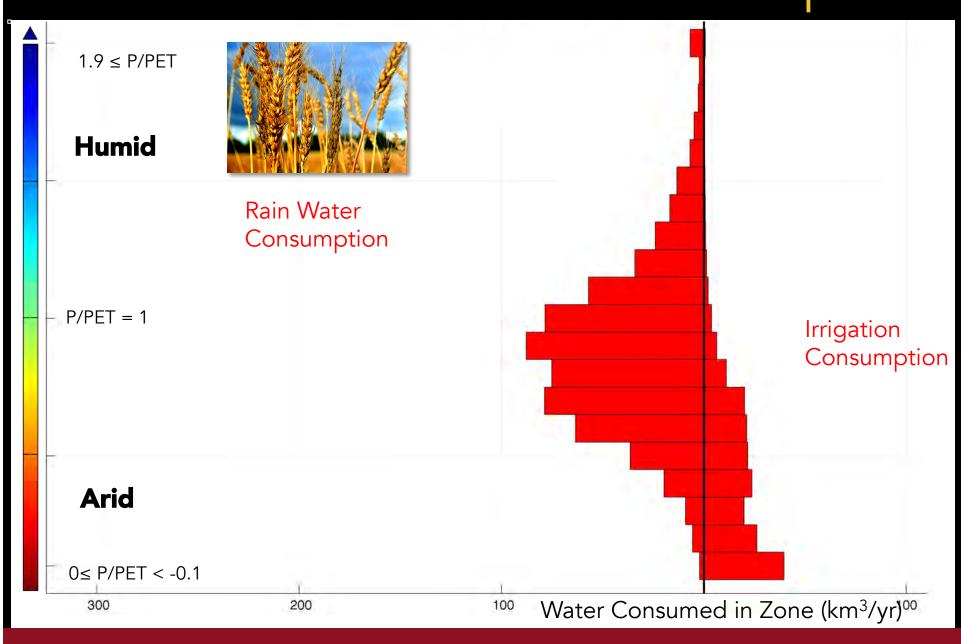
0≤ P/PET < -0.1



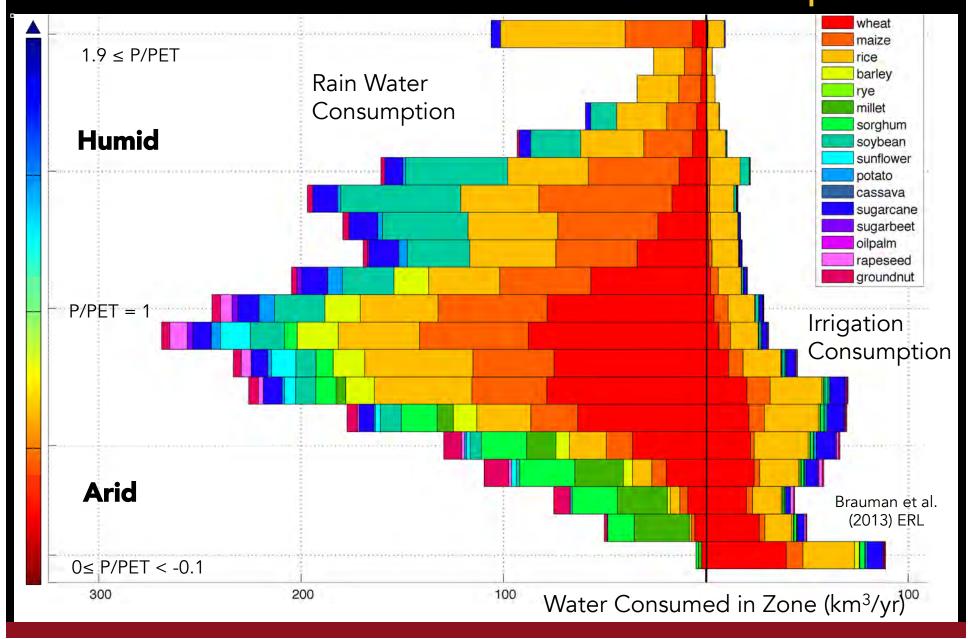
Rain Water Productivity (kcal/liter)



Distribution of Water Consumption

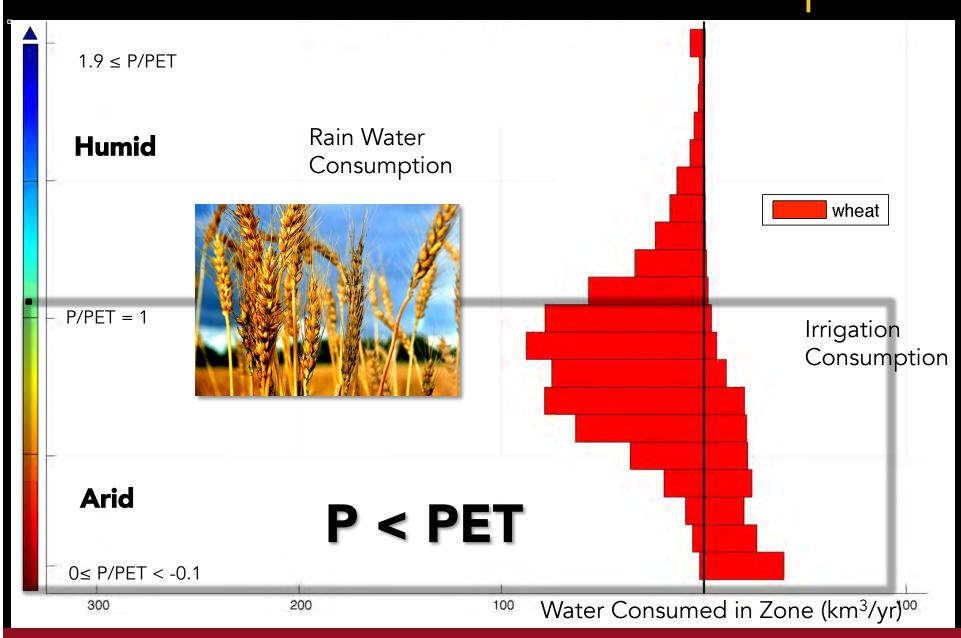


Distribution of Water Consumption



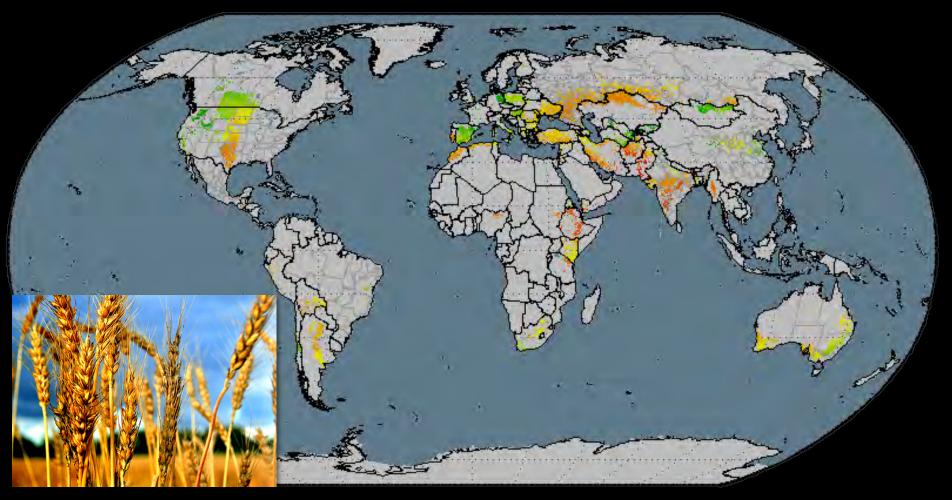


Distribution of Water Consumption



Wheat Rainwater Productivity

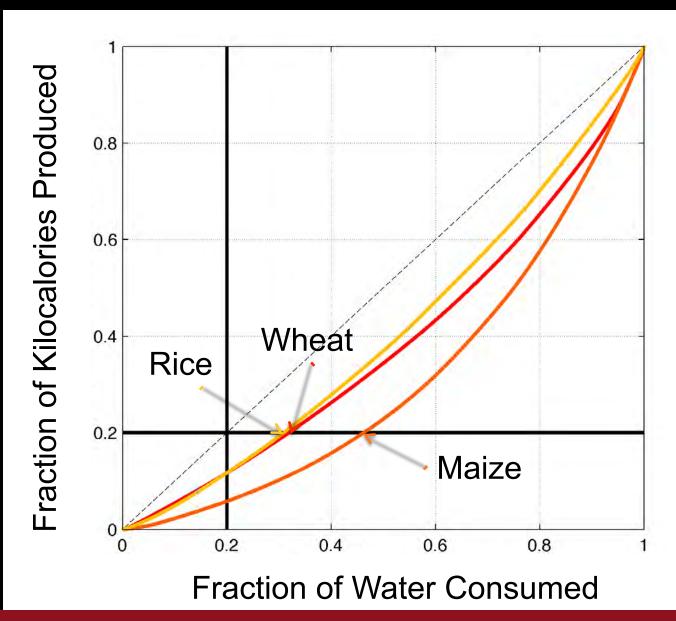
in Water Limited Areas



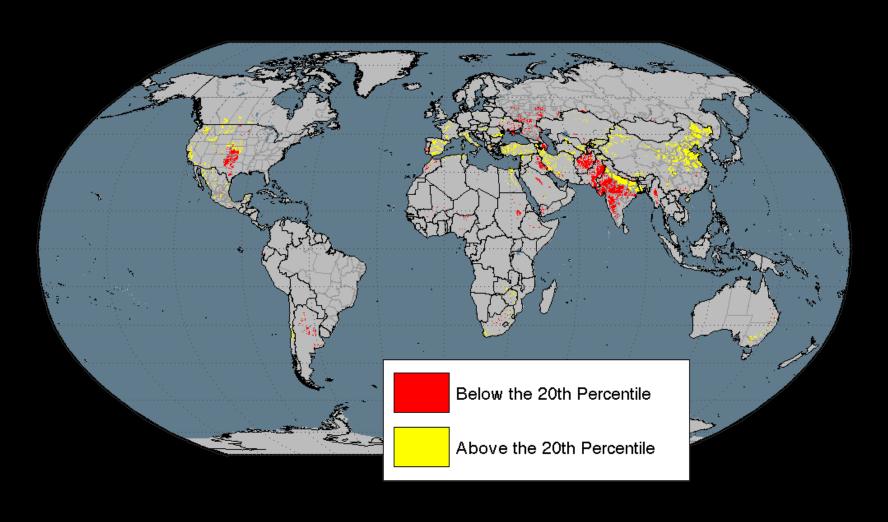
Kcal produced per liter rainwater consumed

0 1 2 3

Rainfed: Cumulative Food Production vs. Cumulative Water Use in Water Limited Regions



Wheat Irrigation Water Productivity in Water Limited Areas





India Wheat Harvest

US (Washington State) Wheat Harvest

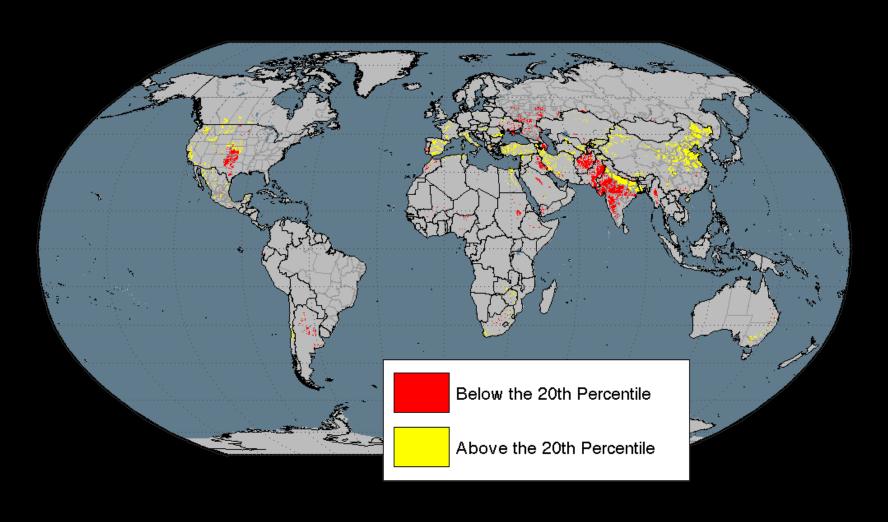


Wheat mosaic virus, Southwestern US



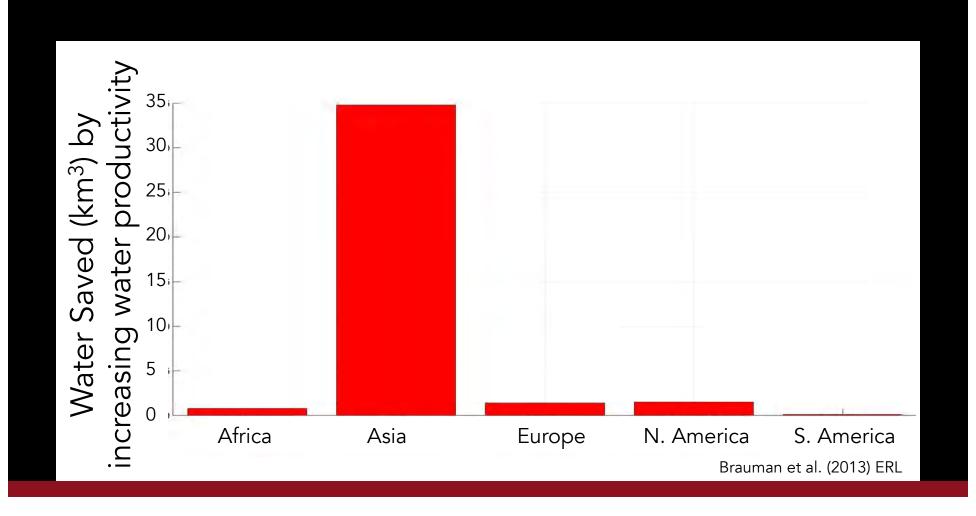


Wheat Irrigation Water Productivity in Water Limited Areas



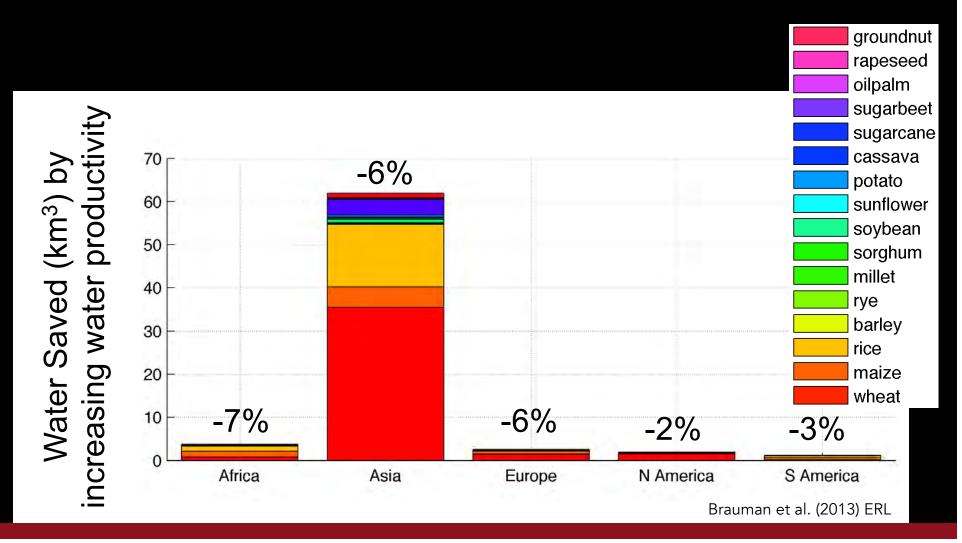
Irrigated Wheat: Water Savings With No Decrease in Food Production

by Raising Water Productivity in Water Limited Regions



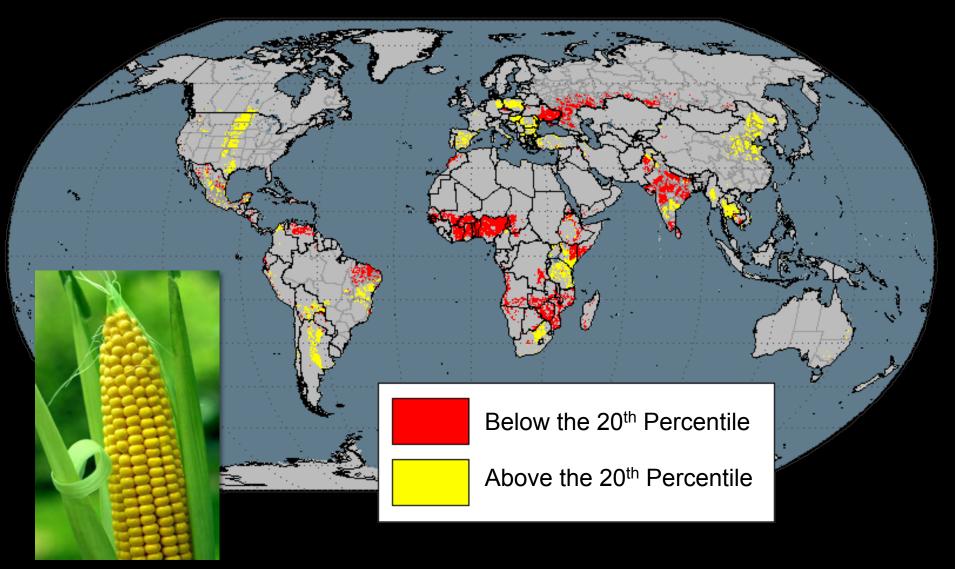
Irrigated Crops: Water Savings With No Decrease in Food Production

by Raising Water Productivity in Water Limited Regions



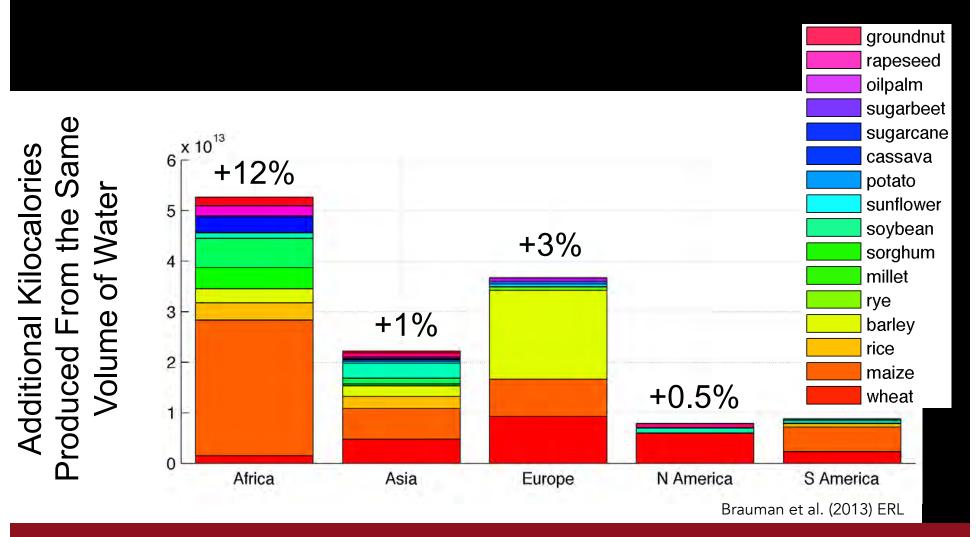
Maize Rainwater Productivity

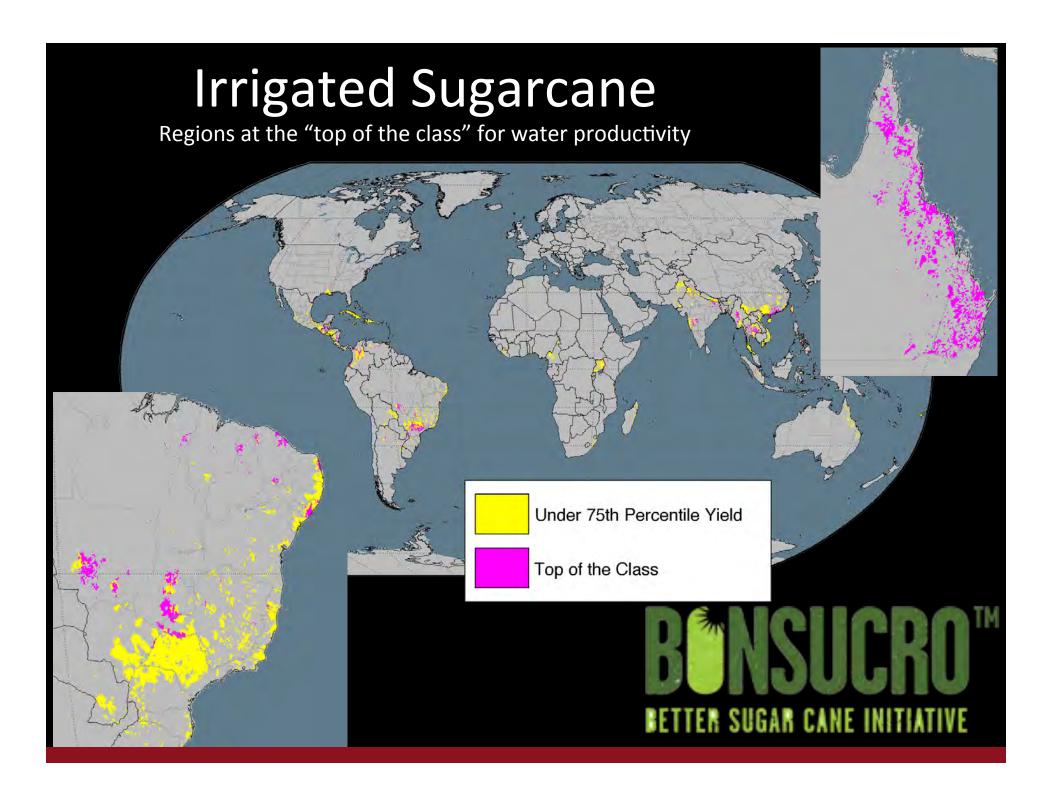
In Water Limited Areas



Rainfed Crops: Additional Food Without Increased Water Use

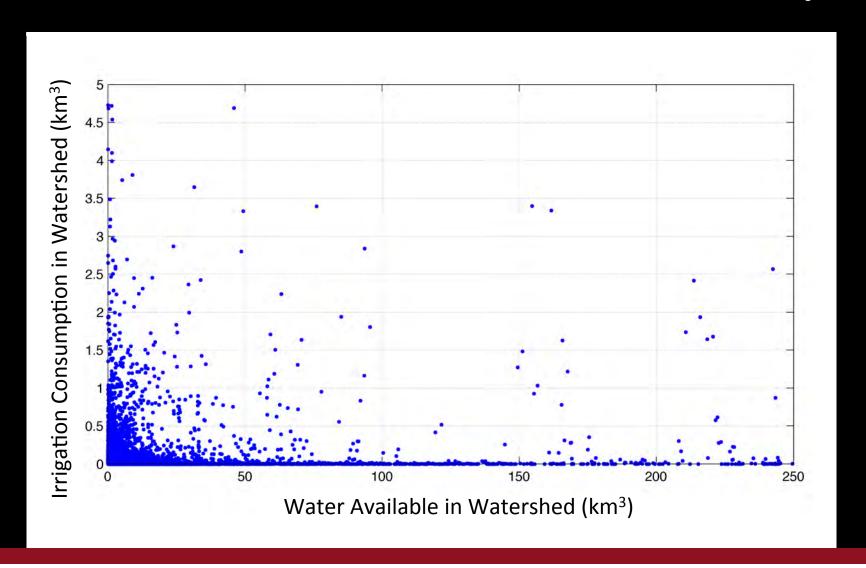
by Raising Water Productivity in Water Limited Regions



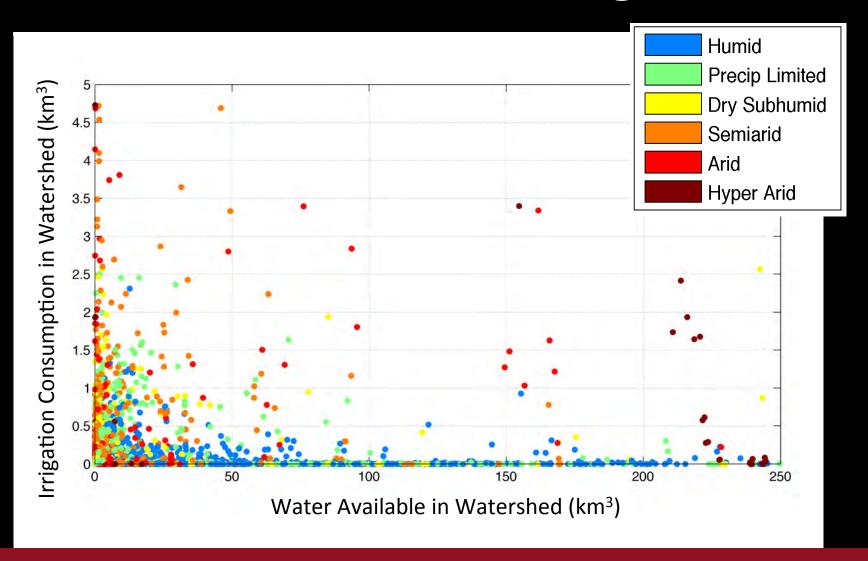




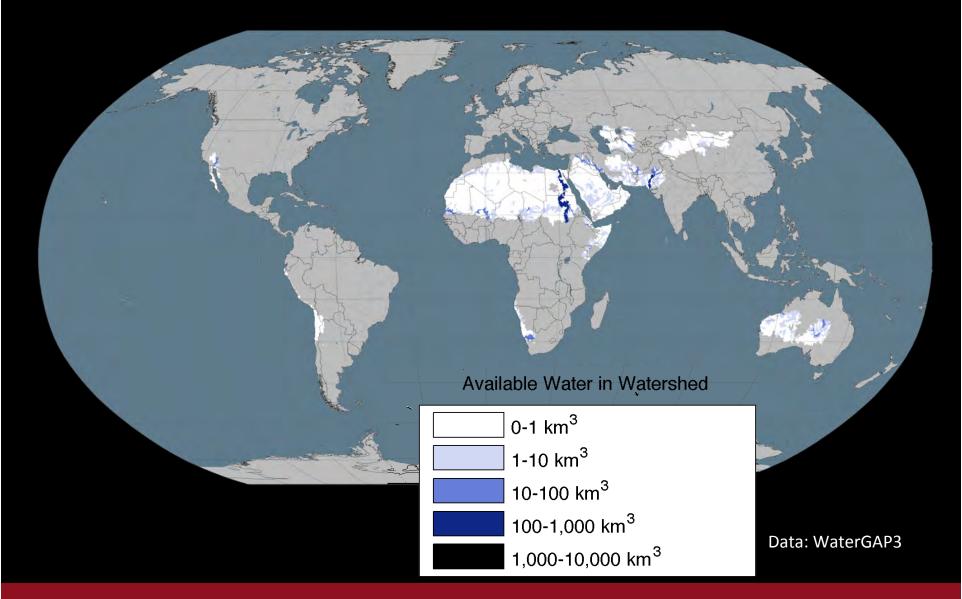
Irrigation Consumption does not Correlate with Water Availability



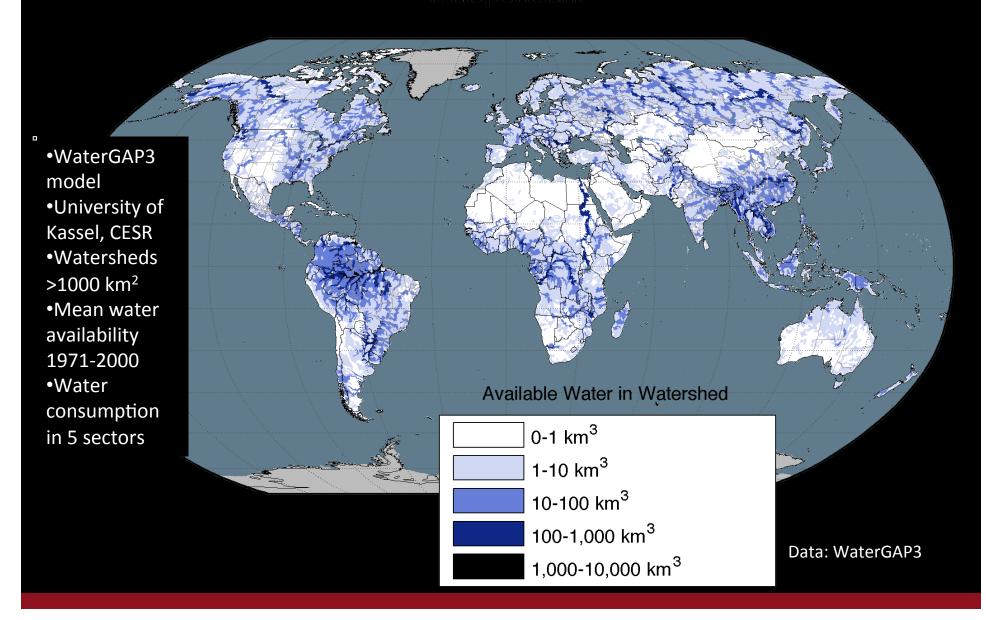
Climate Explains Some Irrigation Use in Water Rich Regions



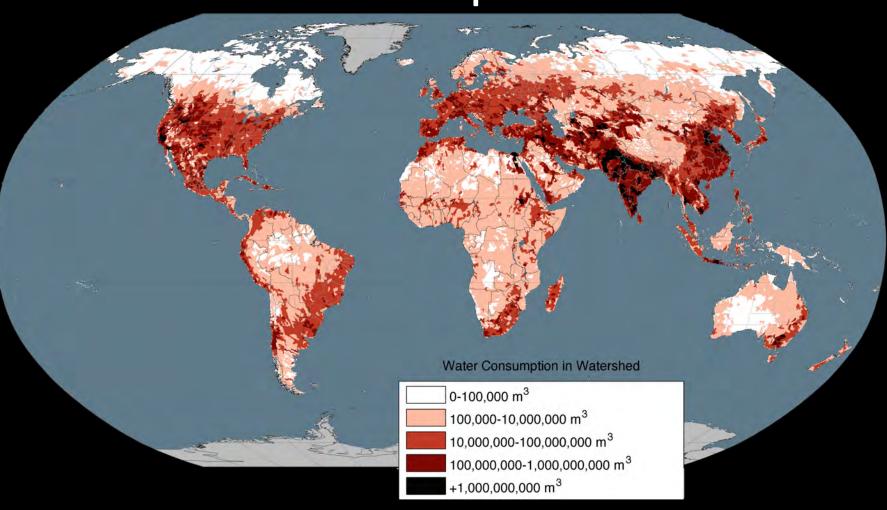
Wet headwaters provide high water availability in arid and hyper-arid watersheds



Globally, water availability...

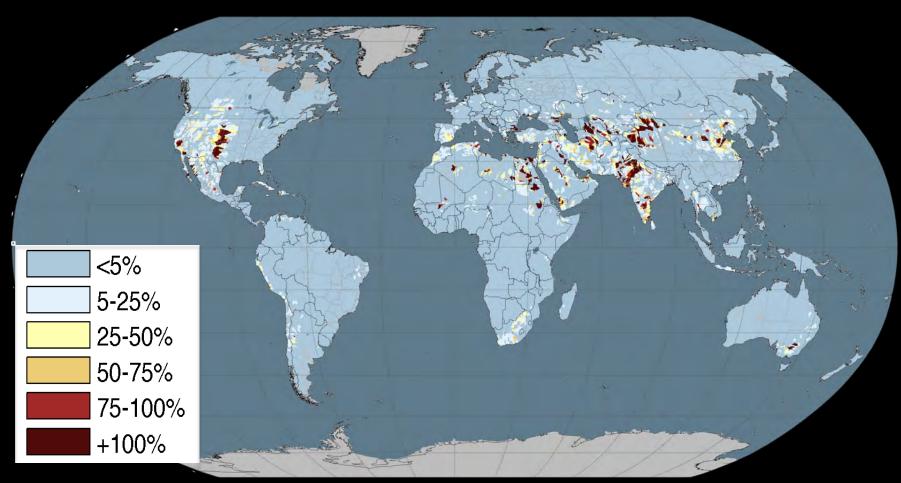


...is not correlated with water consumption



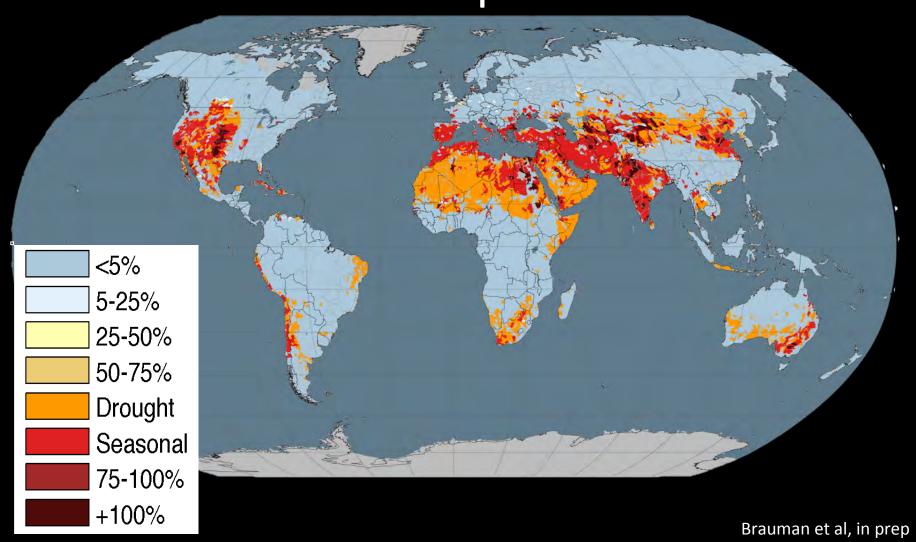
Data: WaterGAP3

Annual Water Depletion (Consumption/Availability) is limited

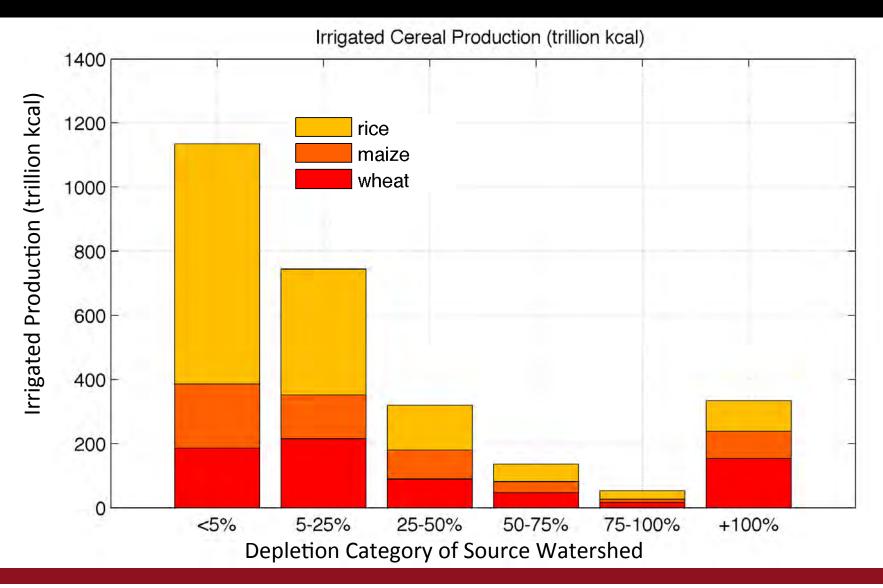


Data: WaterGAP3

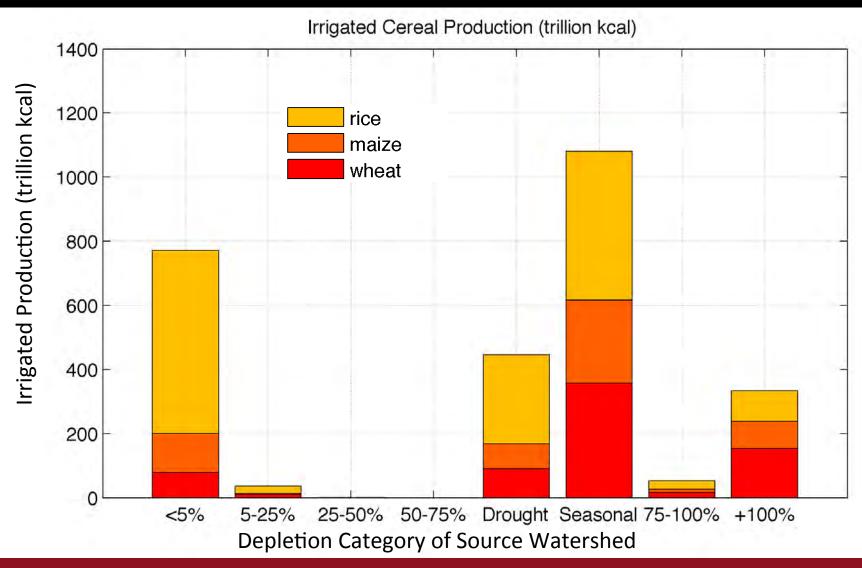
Periodic Water Depletion is widespread



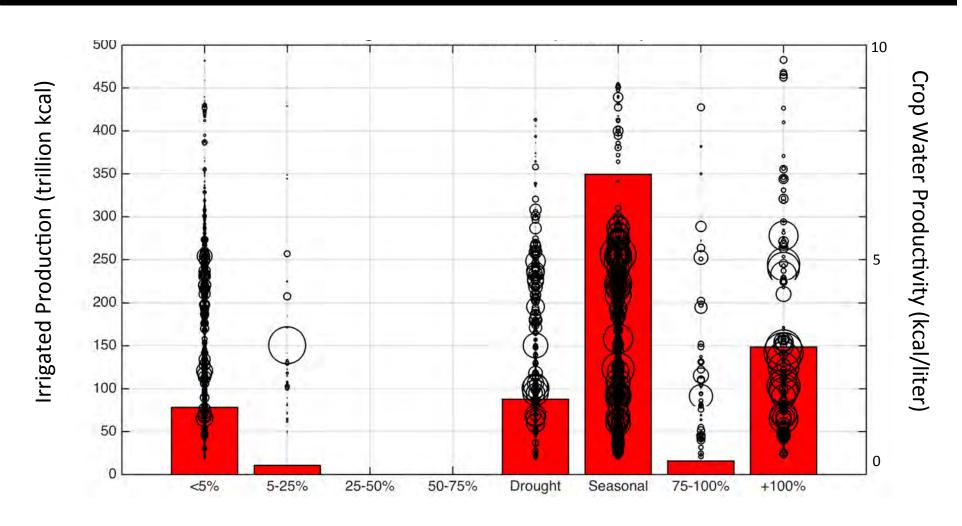
~15% of Irrigated Cereals are Grown in >75% Annually Depleted Watersheds



~70% of Irrigated Cereals are Grown in >75% Periodically Depleted Watershds



Irrigated Wheat in Depleted Watersheds



Depletion Category of Source Watershed



kbrauman@umn.edu

University of Minnesota, Global Landscapes Initiative

- Jamie Gerber, Kimberly Carlson, Peder Engstrom, Graham MacDonald, Deepak Ray, Paul West

University of Bonn, Institute of Crop Science and Resource Conservation

- Stefan Siebert

University of Kassel, Center for Environmental Systems Research

- Martina Florke, Marcus Malsey

Bonsucro

- Nicolas Viart

INSTITUTE ON THE ENVIRONMENT

University of Minnesota

Driven to Discover™



INSTITUTE ON THE ENVIRONMENT

University of Minnesota

Driven to DiscoverSM