

# Hunger is a failure in the food system.





A functioning food system needs:

Programs

Partners

Policies

## Consider:





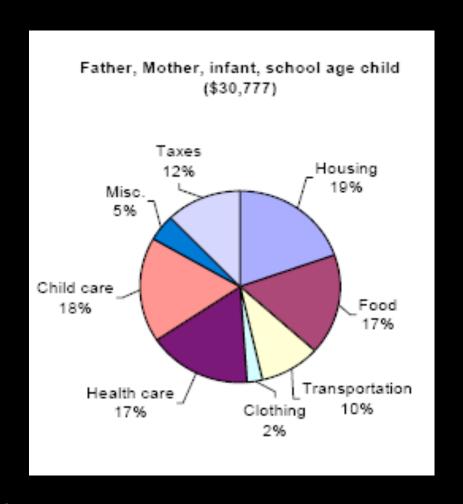






## Hunger and food insecurity are a symptom of poverty.

- 2<sup>nd</sup> highest state in food insecurity
- Currently at least 35% of families in New Mexico earn less than \$35,000²
- 41% of families served by food banks are working families<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on Voices for Children, 2003; adjusted using CPI

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> American Community Survey, 2008

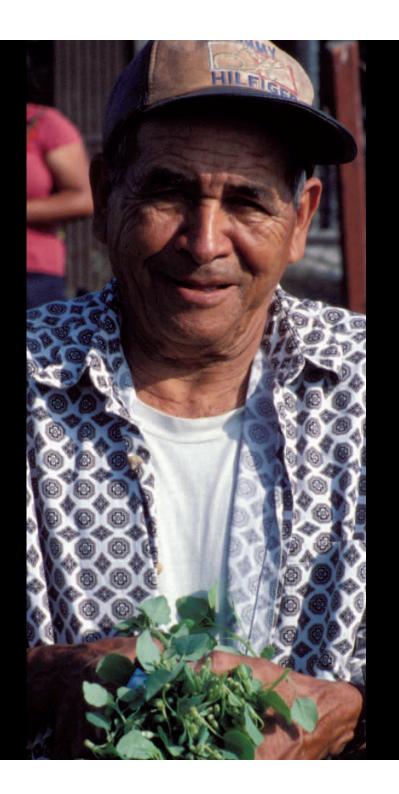
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> America's Second Harvest, Hunger in America, 2006

### Of low-wage working families...

- 41% have to choose between paying for food or paying for utilities
- 30% have to choose between paying for food or paying the rent or mortgage
- 28% have to choose between paying for food or paying for healthcare<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on NM Association of Food Banks survey, 2006

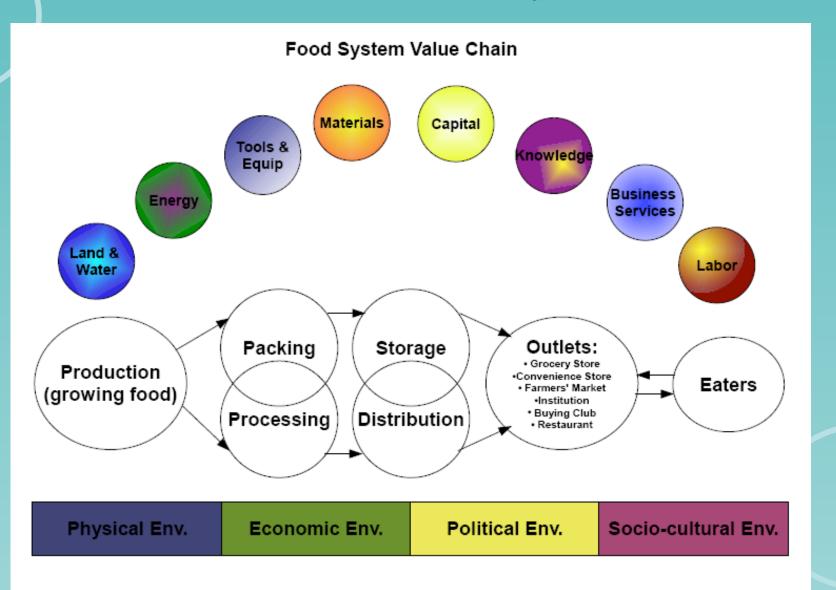




I don't want a hand-out. I want an opportunity.

--Anonymous

#### What is a Food System?





- Closing the Food Gap
- Healthy Kids, Healthy Economy
- Farmers Market Nutrition Programs
- Public Benefits Utilization

## **Closing the Food Gap**

 Goal: Use community assets to make healthy, affordable, culturally significant foods in rural and under-served areas.



- Provide infrastructure and technical assistance to small-scale store owners
- Improve distribution system, La Montenita Coop
- Build connections between producers and consumers
- Develop alternative food outlets (e.g. buying clubs, school-based stores, CSAs)
- Outcomes: Physical and social infrastructure for local, healthy food networks. Community economic development.



### Healthy Kids, Healthy Economy

• **Goal:** Provide school children with healthy local foods and create new market for farmers.

• Mechanism: Provide \$4 million in state funding

purchase fresh fruits/vegetables, rown when available.

#### Outcomes:

- For many children, school meals are their most nutritious (and in some cases only) meals of the day.
   This program ensures that children are getting the healthiest foods possible.
- Additional funding makes school sales profitable for local farmers, increasing community wealth.

### **Farmers Market Nutrition Programs**

- Goal: Make farm-fresh food accessible to limited income people.
- Mechanism: Use state and federal funding to provide market vouchers for WIC clients and seniors. Allow EBT purchases at markets.

#### Outcomes:

- Increase food budget for WIC clients and seniors.
- Encourage EBT users to get nutritious foods.
- Increase sales for local farmers, generating community wealth.



#### **Public Benefits Utilization**

- Goal: Expand food budgets for low-income people.
- Mechanism: Work with income support programs to:
  - Simplify enrollment and accounting.
  - Increase outreach
  - Increase minimum allocations.
  - Connect food programs to nutrition education.

#### Outcomes:

- Increase percentage of eligible recipients receiving public benefits.
- Bring more federal dollars into the community.
- Encourage public benefits users to support their local economy through purchases of local foods and at local businesses.



If consumers bought 15% of their food directly from local farmers, farm income would increase over 60%

For every dollar that goes to farmers, \$1.80 is re-spent in the community.

So, 15% in purchases from farmers would generate \$704 million per year in community wealth.

<sup>1</sup> All figures based on analysis by economist Ken Meter.

## Our food system can generate community wealth if we...

- Connect anti-hunger and anti-poverty efforts
  - Ex: the Oregon Food Bank has 5 FTEs dedicated to public policy work around increasing minimum wage, health care, and job training. Oregon went from 1<sup>st</sup> most food insecure state to 23<sup>rd</sup> after 3 years.
- Recognize the vast, largely untapped value of our food system to create good-paying jobs
- Add value to NM farm products through direct-marketing and local processing
- Expand the potential of local farms and ranches to feed New Mexicans
- Rebuild our rural retails and wholesale food sector
- Protect prime farmland and water resources; rebuild agricultural infrastructure
- Use mid-sized farms and cooperatives to achieve economies of scale, not industrial farms

# Policies and programs that support community-based initiatives...

- Create deeper, more equitable relationships among participants in the food system.
- 2. Maximize circulation of resources within the community.
- 3. Eventually make themselves unnecessary.

#### For more information:

- Pam Roy
- Farm to Table and the NM Food & Ag Policy Council
- www.farmtotablenm.org
- 505-473-1004 x11

We can grow the local food economy to a scale that meets the region's needs for justly and sustainably produced food through locally directed spending, the building of relationships, and strategic public and cooperative ventures. These investments will make a difference to the economic success of our region's food producers, manufacturers, distributors, restaurants and grocers; to preserving farmland; and to providing access to healthy, affordable food in all of our communities. They are investments in a sustainable and prosperous future.

--Ken Meter