

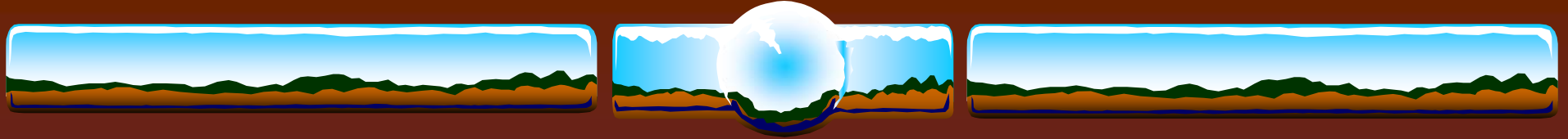
# Organic Farmers: Opportunities, Realities and Barriers

Leslie A. Duram

Associate Professor and Chair

Department of Geography & Environmental Resources

Southern Illinois University- Carbondale



# Organic Farmers: Opportunities, Realities and Barriers

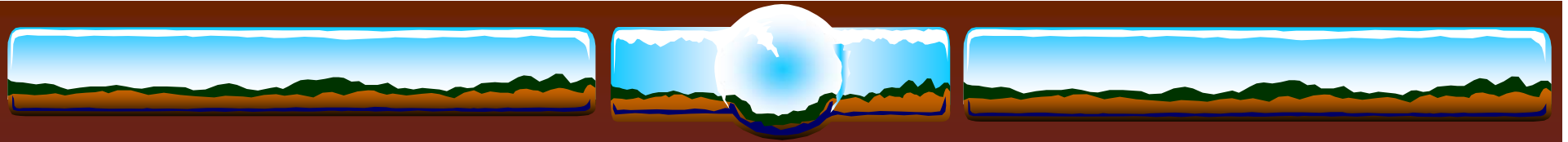


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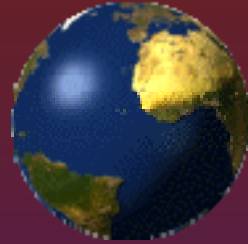
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# Presentation Outline

- ❖ Geography and Agriculture
- ❖ Research on Organic Agriculture
- ❖ Current Study
- ❖ Conclusions

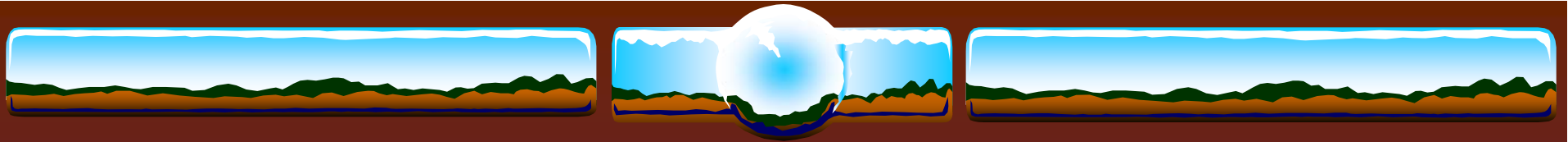
# Geography



*GEO* : EARTH

*GRAPHIEN* : to DESCRIBE

maps, data,  
spatial analysis



# Data on U.S. Organic Agriculture

❖ Estimated 1-7% of farmers

Certified organic cropland doubled 1990s

Current

2.34 million acres

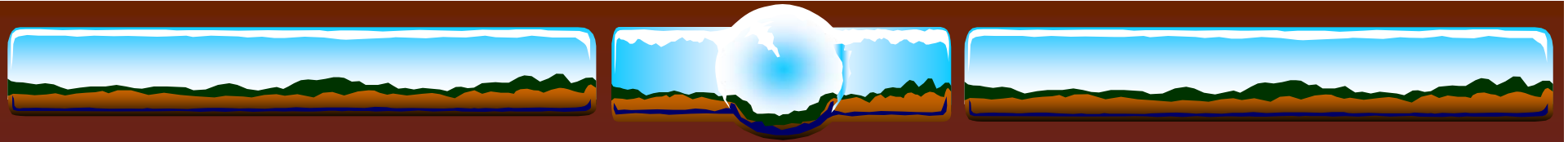
Variations:

.1% of corn/soybeans

2% of specialty crops (lettuce, carrots, apples, grapes)

30% buckwheat, 37% spelt

USDA-ERS 2000, 2001, 2003



# Background Research

## ❖ Organic Production

Economics

Production

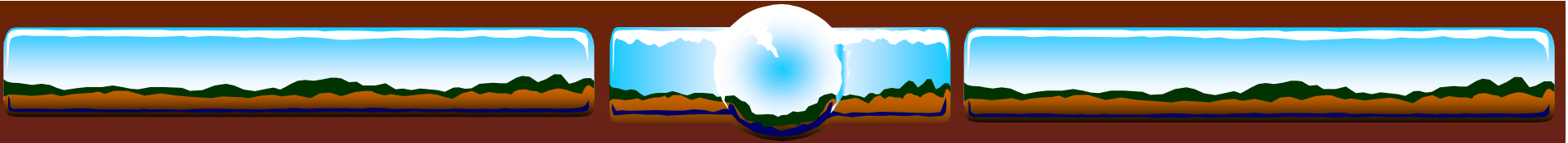
Landscapes

## ❖ Organic People

Farmers

Consumers

Local Food



# Production Research

## ❖ Economic Comparisons

❖ Similar yield + Lower input cost + Price Premium = Profit

Smolik and Dobbs 1991, Batte et al. 1993

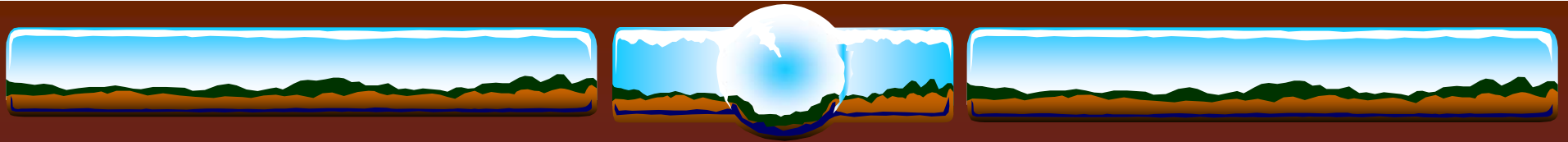
❖ Organic highest net return 5 of 6 years

Illinois Stewardship Alliance 2002

❖ Similar pest losses, better tasting produce

Apples in WA: Reganold et al. 2001;

Tomatoes in CA: Letourneau & Goldstein 2001



# Production Research

- ❖ Comparing Productivity is Complex:

Test Plots, Field Experiments, On-Farm Variables?

- ❖ Comparative Observations

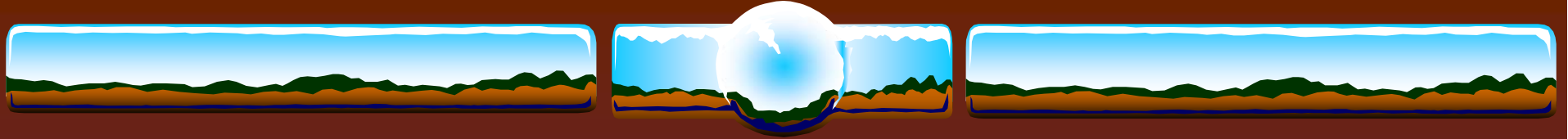
N=30      13 O>C, 2 =, 15 O<C (<20%)

- ❖ O> in variable growing conditions

C> in favorable conditions

Pimentel et al., 2005, Mäder et al 2002, Clark et al. 1999,  
Hanson et al. 1997, Stanhill 1990, Lockeretz et al., 1981





# Production Research

## ❖ Landscapes

### ❖ Soil: quality, topsoil depth, structure

Liebig and Doran 1998, Shepherd et al. 2002

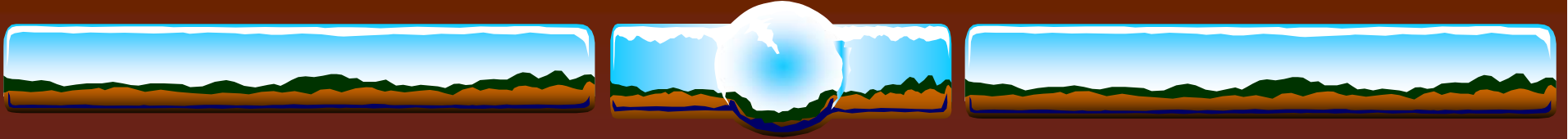
### ❖ Biodiversity: birds, insects

Shutler et al. 2000, Blackburn & Arthur 2001

### ❖ EU Policy for Rural Sustainability

ecology, economy, social, cultural geography

*Agriculture Ecosystem & Environment 2000*



# Social Research

## ❖ Farmers

### ❖ Worldview distinct

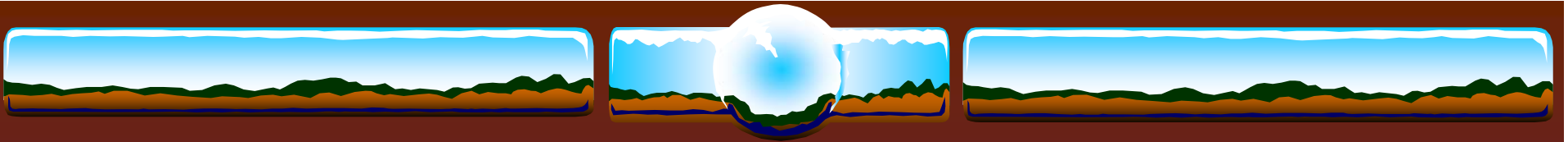
ecological, alternative, independent

Beus and Dunlap 1990, 1994, Duram 1997

### ❖ Demographic trends

variations, education, age, gender

Lockeretz 1995, Egri 1999, Duram 2000



# Social Research

## ❖ Consumers

### ❖ Market Growth

20% annually

\$9.3 billion

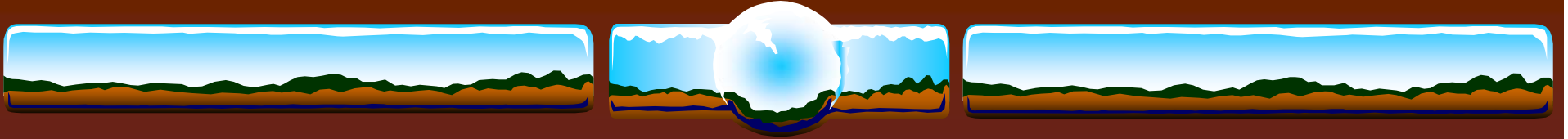
domestic & export

### ❖ Consumer Demand

52% prefer organic produce

Dunn 1995, U.S. Congress 1995,

OTA 2001, ABC NEWS 2001



# Social Research

## ❖ Local Organic Food

### ❖ Direct Marketing

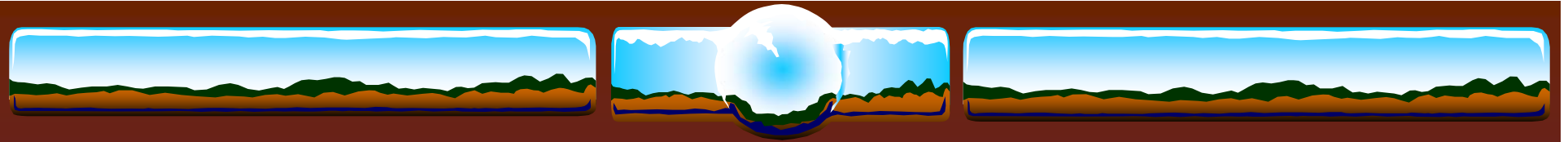
Farmers' Markets, CSAs

Norberg-Hodge 1995,

Kloppenburg et al. 1996, DeLind 1998,

Cone and Myhre 2000, Brown 2002,

USDA AMS 2002



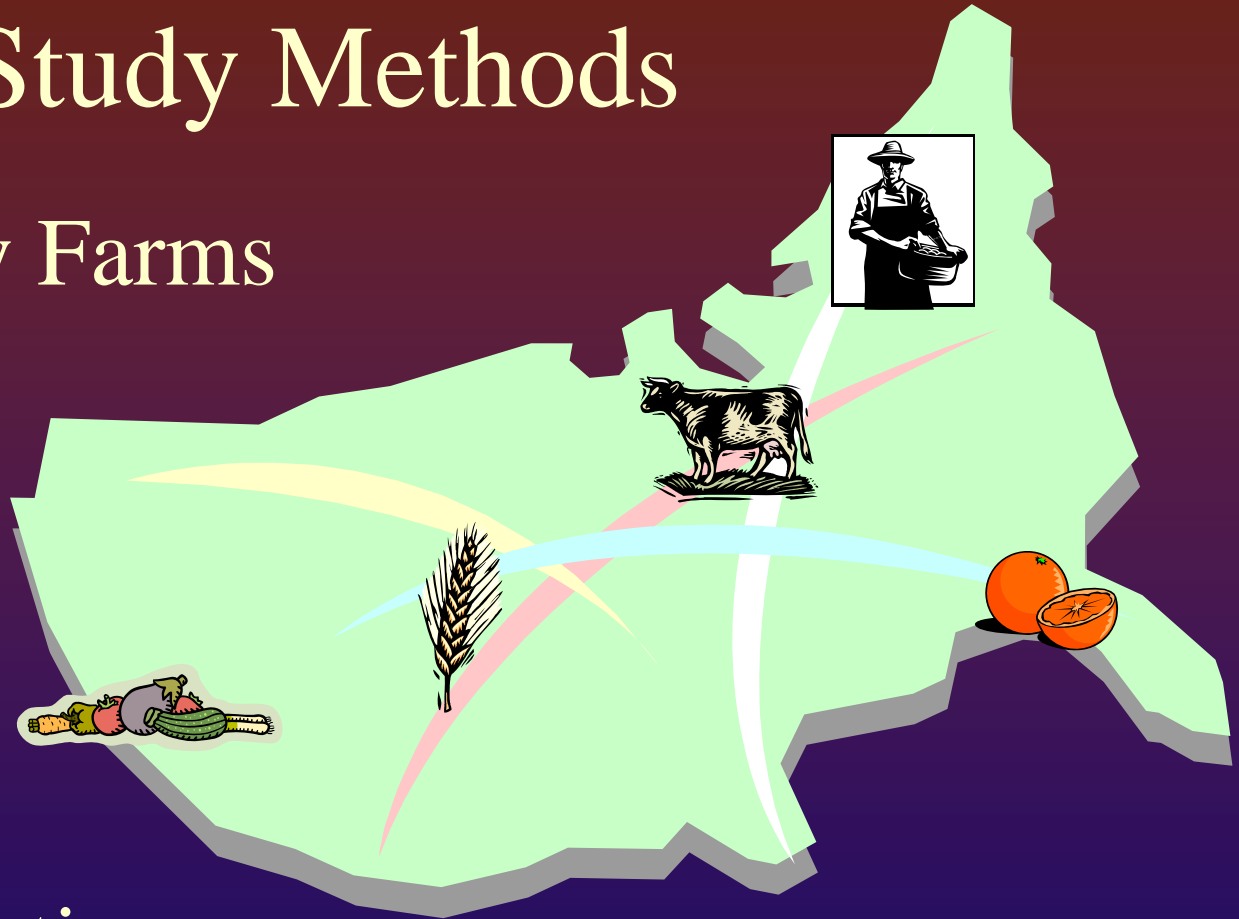
This Study:  
What are the main opportunities  
and barriers for organic farmers?



# Study Methods

## ❖ Case Study Farms

- ❖ California
- ❖ Colorado
- ❖ Florida
- ❖ Illinois
- ❖ New York



## ❖ Data Collection

- ❖ On-farm visits, telephone, email

# California: Marketing Organic Vegetables





# Colorado: Home on the Plains







# Florida: Only the Best Citrus

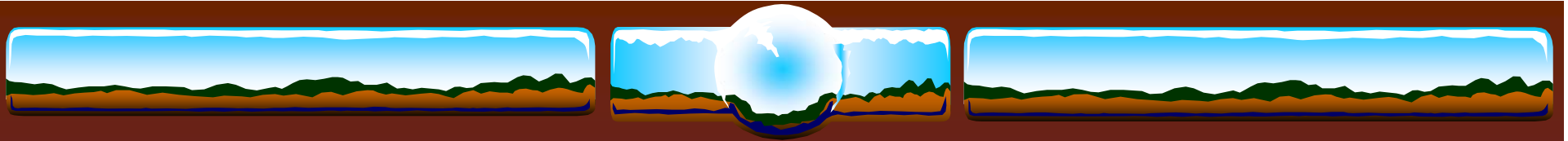


# Illinois: Diversity Instead of Corn



# New York: CSA within an Ever-Changing Farm





# Analysis

## ❖ Qualitative

Record, transcribe, code themes

Cross-case comparison

Discover generalizations

Agar 1980, Abbott 1992,

Miles & Huberman 1994, Duram 2000

## ❖ Quantitative






Univariate, available data

# Characteristics of 5 Farms



	CA	CO	FL	IL	NY
Ecoregion	California Coastal Chaparral	West High Plains	Coastal Plain Forest	Prairie Parkland Temperate	Great Lakes mix Forest
Precipitation	14.7"	15.2"	49.8"	36.7"	35.9"
Soil Type Drainage	Clay loam Moderate	Loam Well	Fine sand Excessive	Silt loam Moderate	Silt loam Well
Jan./July Low/High	38-83°F	12-90°F	46-92°F	9-83°F	16-82°F

# Characteristics of 5 Farms

	CA 	CO 	FL 	IL 	NY 
Acres	250	4,800	14	300	500
Year	1989	1977	1992	1994	1990
Labor	3 +30	3 +1	2 +3	2 +1	3 +15
Markets	Regional Own Distribution	National, & Intl Wholesale	National Distrib	Local FMkt & National Wholesale	Local CSA & Regional Wholesale
Crops	30 vegetables, nuts, fruits	wheat, buckwheat, millet,corn, alfalfa	11 citrus varieties	chicken, turkey, beef, soy, sorghum flax, millet,	25 vegetables sheep, soy, corn, barley, hay



# Opportunities and Barriers: Organic Farmer Perceptions

## Economics

Markets

diversification  
direct marketing  
'big organic'

Crops

quality

Organic Opportunity

## Ecology

Soil Health

Weather

Balance

ecosystems

## Society

American Culture

conventional ag  
cheap food

Government

USDA standards  
certification

research

transition help

## Personal

Independence

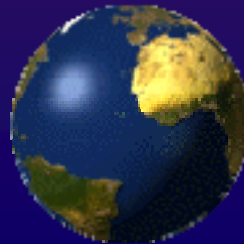
information  
risk

low debt

Innovation

experiment

Tradition





# Conclusions

- ❖ Opportunities -- Barriers

  - complex
  - overlapping

- ❖ Farmers Need Information, Research

  - informed choices

  - 3 year transition is risky

- ❖ *Good Growing: Why Organic Farming Works* (2005)

